



Paclitaxel Albumin-Bound: Abraxane®; Paclitaxel Albumin-Bound Ψ (Intravenous)

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I. Length of Authorization

Coverage is provided for 6 months and may be renewed, unless otherwise specified.

- Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) in combination with tremelimumab, durvalumab, and carboplatin <u>OR</u> in combination with pembrolizumab and carboplatin: Coverage will be provided for up to a maximum of 12 weeks of therapy (12 doses) and may NOT be renewed.
- Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) in combination with atezolizumab and carboplatin: Coverage will be provided for up to a maximum of 18 weeks of therapy (18 doses) and may NOT be renewed.

II. Dosing Limits

A. Quantity Limit (max daily dose) [NDC Unit]:

- Abraxane/Paclitaxel albumin-bound 100 mg powder for injection single-dose vial: 9 vials per 21-day supply
- B. Max Units (per dose and over time) [HCPCS Unit]:

Breast Cancer, Pancreatic Adenocarcinoma, & NSCLC

• 900 billable units per 21 days

Ovarian Cancer, Fallopian Tube & Primary Peritoneal Cancer

• 900 billable units per 28 days

III. Initial Approval Criteria¹

Coverage is provided in the following conditions:

• Patient is at least 18 years of age; AND

Breast Cancer † ‡ ^{1-3,9,21,27,16e,18e-20e,22e,30e,121e,126e,130e}

- Patient failed on combination chemotherapy for metastatic disease or relapsed within 6 months of adjuvant therapy †; AND
 - Used as a single agent; AND
 - o Previous chemotherapy included an anthracycline unless clinically contraindicated; OR
- Patient has recurrent unresectable (local or regional) or metastatic (stage IV [M1]) disease ‡;
 AND
 - Patient has HER2-negative hormone receptor-positive disease; AND
 - Patient is refractory to endocrine therapy or has visceral crisis; AND
 - Used as a single agent; AND
 - Used in one of the following treatment settings:
 - First-line therapy if no germline BRCA 1/2 mutation
 - Second-line therapy if not a candidate for fam-trastuzumab deruxtecan-nxki
 - Third-line therapy and beyond; OR
 - Patient has triple negative breast cancer (TNBC) ***; AND
 - Used in combination with pembrolizumab for PD-L1 positive (PD-L1 CPS ≥10) disease;
 AND
 - Used as first-line therapy; **OR**
 - Used as a single agent; AND
 - Used as first-line therapy if PD-L1 CPS <10 and no germline BRCA 1/2 mutation;
 OR
 - Used as subsequent therapy; OR
 - Used in combination with carboplatin in patients with high tumor burden, rapidly progressing disease, and visceral crisis; AND
 - Used as first-line therapy if PD-L1 CPS <10 and no germline BRCA 1/2 mutation;
 OR
- May be substituted for paclitaxel or docetaxel if the patient has experienced hypersensitivity reactions despite premedication or the patient has contraindications to standard hypersensitivity premedication **‡**; **AND**
 - Used in neoadjuvant or adjuvant therapy; OR
 - Used as first-line therapy in combination with pertuzumab and trastuzumab for HER2-positive disease

Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) † ‡ ^{1,2,4,10,30-32,26e,27e,30e,43e,122e,129e,131e,134e,148e}

 Used as first-line therapy for locally advanced or metastatic disease, in combination with carboplatin, in patients who are not candidates for curative surgery or radiation therapy **†**; OR



Medical Necessity Criteria

Page 2

- Used for recurrent, advanced, or metastatic disease (excluding locoregional recurrence or symptomatic local disease with no evidence of disseminated disease) or mediastinal lymph node recurrence with prior radiation therapy; AND
 - Used as first-line therapy; AND
 - Used in one of the following:
 - Patients with performance status (PS) 0-1 who have tumors that are negative for actionable molecular biomarkers* (may be KRAS G12C mutation positive) and PD-L1 <1%</p>
 - Patients with tumors that are negative for actionable molecular biomarkers* (may be KRAS G12C mutation positive) and PD-L1 expression positive (≥1%)
 - Patients with a PS 0-1 who have tumors that are positive for one of the following molecular mutations: EGFR exon 20, BRAF V600E, NTRK1/2/3 gene fusion, MET exon-14 skipping, RET rearrangement, or ERBB2 (HER2); AND
 - Used in combination with carboplatin and pembrolizumab for squamous cell histology; OR
 - Used in combination with carboplatin and atezolizumab for non-squamous histology; OR
 - Used in combination with tremelimumab-actl, durvalumab, and carboplatin (excluding use in patients with PD-L1 ≥50%); OR
 - Used as a single agent (PS 2) or in combination with carboplatin in patients with contraindications ¥ to PD-1 or PD-L1 inhibitors; AND
 - Used in patients with tumors that are negative for actionable molecular biomarkers* (may be KRAS G12C mutation positive); OR
 - Used in patients with tumors that are positive for one of the following molecular mutations: EGFR exon 20, BRAF V600E, NTRK1/2/3 gene fusion, MET exon 14 skipping, RET rearrangement, or ERBB2 (HER2); OR
 - Used as subsequent therapy; AND
 - Used in one of the following:
 - Patients with a PS 0-1 who are positive for one of the following molecular mutations: BRAF V600E, NTRK1/2/3 gene fusion, MET exon-14 skipping, or RET rearrangement
 - Patients with a PS 0-1 who are positive for one of the following molecular mutations and have received prior targeted therapy§ for those aberrations: EGFR exon 19 deletion or exon 21 L858R tumors, EGFR S768I, L861Q, and/or G719X mutation, ALK rearrangement, or ROS1 rearrangement; AND
 - Used in combination with carboplatin and pembrolizumab for squamous cell histology; OR



Medical Necessity Criteria

- Used in combination with carboplatin and atezolizumab for non-squamous histology; OR
- Used in combination with tremelimumab-actl, durvalumab, and carboplatin; OR
- Used in combination with carboplatin in patients with contraindications ¥ to PD-1 or PD-L1 inhibitors; AND
 - Used in patients with tumors that are positive for one of the following molecular mutations: BRAF V600E, NTRK1/2/3 gene fusion, MET exon 14 skipping, or RET rearrangement; OR
 - Used in patients with tumors that are positive for one of the following molecular mutations and have received prior targeted therapy§ for those aberrations: EGFR exon 19 deletion or exon 21 L858R tumors, EGFR S768I, L861Q, and/or G719X mutation, ALK rearrangement, or ROS1 rearrangement; OR
 - Used in patients with PD-L1 expression-positive (≥1%) tumors that are negative for actionable molecular biomarkers* with prior PD-1/PD-L1 inhibitor therapy but no prior platinum-containing chemotherapy; OR
- Used as a single agent; AND
 - Used for first progression after initial systemic therapy (if not previously used);
 OR
 - Used in patients with a PS 2 who are positive for one of the following molecular mutations: BRAF V600E, NTRK1/2/3 gene fusion, MET exon 14 skipping, or RET rearrangement; OR
 - Used in patients with a PS 2 who are positive for one of the following molecular mutations and have received prior targeted therapy§ for those aberrations:
 EGFR exon 19 deletion or exon 21 L858R tumors, EGFR S768I, L861Q, and/or G719X mutation, ALK rearrangement, or ROS1 rearrangement; OR
 - Used in patients with a PS 2 and PD-L1 expression-positive (≥1%) tumors that are negative for actionable molecular biomarkers* with prior PD-1/PD-L1 inhibitor therapy but no prior platinum-containing chemotherapy

*Note: Actionable molecular genomic biomarkers include EGFR, KRAS, ALK, ROS1, BRAF, NTRK1/2/3, MET, RET, and ERBB2 (HER2). Complete genotyping for EGFR, KRAS, ALK, ROS1, BRAF, NTRK1/2/3, MET, RET, and ERBB2 (HER2), via biopsy and/or plasma testing. If a clinically actionable marker is found, it is reasonable to start therapy based on the identified marker. Treatment is guided by available results and, if unknown, these patients are treated as though they do not have driver oncogenes.

¥ Note: Contraindications for treatment with PD-1/PD-L1 inhibitors may include active or previously documented auto-immune disease and/or current use of immunosuppressive agents, and some oncogenic drivers (e.g., EGFR exon 19 deletion, or exon 21 L858R, ALK rearrangements) have been shown to be associated with less benefit from PD-1/PD-L1 inhibitors.



Page 4

Medical Necessity Criteria

Ovarian, Fallopian Tube, and Primary Peritoneal Cancer ‡ ^{2,8,22,23}

- Patient has Grade 1 Endometrioid Carcinoma, Carcinosarcoma (Malignant Mixed Müllerian Tumors), Mucinous Carcinoma of the Ovary, Epithelial Ovarian/Fallopian Tube/Primary Peritoneal Cancer, Clear Cell Carcinoma of the Ovary; AND
- Patient has recurrent or persistent disease; AND
- Patient is not experiencing an immediate biochemical relapse (i.e., rising CA-125 without radiographic evidence of disease); **AND**
- Used as one of the following:
 - o As a single agent
 - o In combination with carboplatin in patients with confirmed taxane hypersensitivity; AND
- Patient has platinum-sensitive disease; AND
- Used for complete remission and relapse ≥6 months after completing chemotherapy

Pancreatic Adenocarcinoma † ‡ Ф^{1,2,5-7,24,34,35}

- Used in combination with gemcitabine; AND
 - o Patient has locally advanced or metastatic disease; AND
 - Used as first-line therapy; OR
 - Used as induction therapy followed by chemoradiation (locally advanced disease only);
 OR
 - Used as subsequent therapy after disease progression with a fluoropyrimidine-based therapy; OR
 - Patient has local recurrence disease in the pancreatic operative bed OR recurrent metastatic disease after resection; AND
 - Used ≥6 months after completion of primary therapy; **OR**
 - Used <6 months from completion of primary therapy and previously treated with fluoropyrimidine-based therapy; OR
 - Used as neoadjuvant therapy; AND
 - Patient has resectable disease; OR
 - Patient has biopsy positive borderline resectable disease; OR
- Used in combination with gemcitabine and cisplatin; AND
 - Patient has metastatic disease; AND
 - o Patient has ECOG PS 0-1; AND
 - Used as first-line therapy

Preferred therapies and recommendations are determined by review of clinical evidence. NCCN category of recommendation is taken into account as a component of this review. Regimens deemed equally efficacious (i.e., those having the same NCCN categorization) are considered to be therapeutically equivalent.



Medical Necessity Criteria

Page 5

† FDA Approved Indication(s); **‡** Compendia Recommended Indication(s); **Φ** Orphan Drug

*** ER Scoring Interpretation (following ER testing by validated IHC assay)		
<u>Results</u>	Interpretation	
 0% – <1% of nuclei stain 	 ER-negative 	
 1%–10% of nuclei stain 	 ER-low-positive* 	
 >10% of nuclei stain 	– ER-positive	

*Note: Patients with cancers with ER-low–positive (1%–10%) results are a heterogeneous group with reported biologic behavior often similar to ER-negative cancers; thus, as such these cancers inherently behave aggressively and may be treated similar to triple-negative disease. Individualized consideration of risks versus benefits should be incorporated into decision-making.

Genomic Aberration/Mutational Driver Targeted Therapies (Note: <i>not all inclusive, refer to guidelines for appropriate use</i>) §			
EGFR exon 19 deletion or exon 21 L858R tumors	EGFR S768I, L861Q, and/or G719X mutation positive tumors	EGFR exon 20 insertion mutation positive tumors	NTRK1/2/3 gene fusion positive tumors
 Afatinib Erlotinib Dacomitinib Gefitinib Osimertinib Amivantamab 	 Afatinib Erlotinib Dacomitinib Gefitinib Osimertinib Amivantamab 	– Amivantamab	 Larotrectinib Entrectinib
ALK rearrangement-positive tumors	ROS1 rearrangement-positive tumors	BRAF V600E-mutation positive tumors	ERBB2 (HER2) mutation positive tumors
 Alectinib Brigatinib Ceritinib Crizotinib Lorlatinib 	 Ceritinib Crizotinib Entrectinib Lorlatinib Repotrectinib 	 Dabrafenib ± trametinib Encorafenib + binimetinib Vemurafenib 	 Fam-trastuzumab deruxtecan-nxki Ado-trastuzumab emtansine
PD-L1 tumor expression ≥ 1%	MET exon-14 skipping mutations	<i>RET</i> rearrangement-positive tumors	KRAS G12C mutation positive tumors
 Pembrolizumab Atezolizumab Nivolumab + ipilimumab Cemiplimab Tremelimumab + durvalumab 	 Capmatinib Crizotinib Tepotinib 	 Selpercatinib Cabozantinib Pralsetinib 	– Sotorasib – Adagrasib

IV. Renewal Criteria ^{1,2}

Coverage may be renewed based upon the following criteria:

- Patient continues to meet other indication-specific relevant criteria such as concomitant therapy requirements (not including prerequisite therapy), performance status, etc. identified in section III; AND
- Disease response with treatment as defined by stabilization of disease or decrease in size of tumor or tumor spread; AND

Page 6

Medical Necessity Criteria



 Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug. Examples of unacceptable toxicity include: severe myelosuppression (e.g., severe neutropenia [absolute neutrophil count < 1,500 cell/mm³] or thrombocytopenia), sensory neuropathy, sepsis, pneumonitis, severe hypersensitivity reactions [including anaphylactic reactions], hepatic impairment, etc.; AND

Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (in combination with tremelimumab, durvalumab, and carboplatin OR pembrolizumab and carboplatin OR atezolizumab and carboplatin):

• Coverage may not be renewed

V. Dosage/Administration 1,11,15,16-19,21,22,25-35

Indication	Dose
Breast Cancer	Single agent: Administer 260 mg/m ² intravenously every 21 days until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity OR Administer 100 mg/m ² OR 125 mg/m ² intravenously days 1, 8, and 15 of a 28-day cycle until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity
	In combination with pembrolizumab: Administer 100 mg/m ² intravenously days 1, 8, and 15 of a 28-day cycle until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity
	In combination with carboplatin: Administer 125 mg/m² intravenously days 1 and 8 of a 21-day cycle until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity
	In combination with trastuzumab: Administer 125mg/m ² intravenously days 1,8, 15 of a 28-day cycle until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity
	**NOTE: If being used as a substitute for weekly paclitaxel or docetaxel, the weekly dose of albumin-bound paclitaxel should not exceed 125 mg/m ²
NSCLC	Single agent: Administer 260 mg/m ² intravenously every 21 days until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity
	In combination with carboplatin: Administer 100 mg/m² intravenously days 1, 8, and 15 of a 21-day cycle until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity
	In combination with tremelimumab, durvalumab, and carboplatin: Administer 100 mg/m ² intravenously days 1, 8, and 15 of a 21-day cycle for 4 cycles



Medical Necessity Criteria

Page 7

	In combination with pembrolizumab and carboplatin: Administer 100 mg/m ² intravenously days 1, 8, and 15 of a 21-day cycle for 4 cycles In combination with atezolizumab and carboplatin: Administer 100 mg/m ² intravenously days 1, 8, and 15 of a 21-day cycle for 4 to 6 cycles
Ovarian Cancer, Fallopian Tube Cancer, & Primary Peritoneal Cancer	Administer 100 mg/m ² intravenously days 1, 8, and 15 of a 28-day cycle until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity
Pancreatic Adenocarcinoma	In combination with gemcitabine: Administer 125 mg/m ² intravenously days 1, 8, and 15 of a 28-day cycle until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity In combination with gemcitabine and cisplatin: Administer 125 mg/m ² intravenously days 1 and 8 of a 21-day cycle until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity

VI. Billing Code/Availability Information

HCPCS Code(s):

- J9264 Injection, paclitaxel protein-bound particles, 1 mg; 1 billable unit = 1 mg
- J9259 Injection, paclitaxel protein-bound particles (american regent), not therapeutically equivalent to J9264, 1 mg; 1 billable unit = 1 mg Ψ
- J9258 Injection, paclitaxel protein-bound particles (teva) not therapeutically equivalent to J9264,
 1 mg; 1 billable unit = 1 mg Ψ

NDC:

Abraxane 100 mg powder for injection; single-dose vial*: 68817-0134-xx

*Multiple manufacturers produce ANDA generics

 Ψ Designated products approved by the FDA as a 505(b)(2) NDA of the innovator product. These products are not rated as therapeutically equivalent to their reference listed drug in the Food and Drug Administration's (FDA) Orange Book and are therefore considered single source products based on the statutory definition of "single source drug" in section 1847A(c)(6) of the Act. For a complete list of all approved 505(b)(2) NDA products please reference the latest edition of the Orange Book: <u>Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations | Orange Book | FDA</u>

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Page 8

Medical Necessity Criteria

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Page 9

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Page 11





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Appendix 1 – Covered Diagnosis Codes

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description	
C24.1	Malignant neoplasm of ampulla of Vater	
C25.0	Malignant neoplasm of head of pancreas	
C25.1	Malignant neoplasm of body of the pancreas	
C25.2	Malignant neoplasm of tail of pancreas	
C25.3	Malignant neoplasm of pancreatic duct	
C25.7	Malignant neoplasm of other parts of pancreas	
C25.8	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of pancreas	
C25.9	Malignant neoplasm of pancreas, unspecified	
C33	Malignant neoplasm of trachea	
C34.00	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified main bronchus	
C34.01	Malignant neoplasm of right main bronchus	



Medical Necessity Criteria



ICD-10	ICD-10 Description		
C34.02	Malignant neoplasm of left main bronchus		
C34.10	Malignant neoplasm of upper lobe, unspecified bronchus or lung		
C34.11	Malignant neoplasm of upper lobe, right bronchus or lung		
C34.12	Malignant neoplasm of upper lobe, left bronchus or lung		
C34.2	Malignant neoplasm of middle lobe, bronchus or lung		
C34.30	Malignant neoplasm of lower lobe, unspecified bronchus or lung		
C34.31	Malignant neoplasm of lower lobe, right bronchus or lung		
C34.32	Malignant neoplasm of lower lobe, left bronchus or lung		
C34.80	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of unspecified bronchus or lung		
C34.81	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of right bronchus and lung		
C34.82	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of left bronchus and lung		
C34.90	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified part of unspecified bronchus or lung		
C34.91	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified part of right bronchus or lung		
C34.92	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified part of left bronchus or lung		
C48.1	Malignant neoplasm of specified parts of peritoneum		
C48.2	Malignant neoplasm of peritoneum, unspecified		
C48.8	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of retroperitoneum and peritoneum		
C50.011	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, right female breast		
C50.012	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, left female breast		
C50.019	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, unspecified female breast		
C50.021	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, right male breast		
C50.022	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, left male breast		
C50.029	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, unspecified male breast		
C50.111	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of right female breast		
C50.112	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of left female breast		
C50.119	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of unspecified female breast		
C50.121	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of right male breast		
C50.122	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of left male breast		
C50.129	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of unspecified male breast		
C50.211	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of right female breast		
C50.212	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of left female breast		
C50.219	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of unspecified female breast		
C50.221	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of right male breast		
C50.222	Malignant neoplasm of upper-inner quadrant of left male breast		



Medical Necessity Criteria



C50.229 Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of insht female breast C50.311 Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of right female breast C50.312 Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of left female breast C50.321 Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of right male breast C50.322 Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of unspecified female breast C50.322 Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of unspecified male breast C50.323 Malignant neoplasm of lower-inner quadrant of unspecified male breast C50.324 Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of unspecified male breast C50.412 Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of unspecified female breast C50.424 Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of unspecified female breast C50.425 Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of left male breast C50.424 Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of left female breast C50.425 Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of unspecified female breast C50.511 Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of unspecified female breast C50.512 Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of unspecified female breast C50.513 Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of left female breast C50.525	ICD-10	ICD-10 Description	
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C50.912 Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of left female breast	C50.829		
	C50.911	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of right female breast	
C50.919 Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of unspecified female breast	C50.912	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of left female breast	
	C50.919	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of unspecified female breast	
C50.921 Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of right male breast	C50.921	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of right male breast	





ICD-10	ICD-10 Description	
C50.922	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of left male breast	
C50.929	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of unspecified male breast	
C56.1	Malignant neoplasm of right ovary	
C56.2	Malignant neoplasm of left ovary	
C56.3	Malignant neoplasm of bilateral ovaries	
C56.9	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified ovary	
C57.00	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified fallopian tube	
C57.01	Malignant neoplasm of right fallopian tube	
C57.02	Malignant neoplasm of left fallopian tube	
C57.10	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified broad ligament	
C57.11	Malignant neoplasm of right broad ligament	
C57.12	Malignant neoplasm of left broad ligament	
C57.20	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified round ligament	
C57.21	Malignant neoplasm of right round ligament	
C57.22	Malignant neoplasm of left round ligament	
C57.3	Malignant neoplasm of parametrium	
C57.4	Malignant neoplasm of uterine adnexa, unspecified	
C57.7	Malignant neoplasm of other specified female genital organs	
C57.8	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of female genital organs	
C57.9	Malignant neoplasm of female genital organ, unspecified	
Z85.07	Personal history of malignant neoplasm of pancreas	
Z85.118	Personal history of other malignant neoplasm of bronchus and lung	
Z85.3	Personal history of malignant neoplasm of breast	
Z85.43	Personal history of malignant neoplasm of ovary	

Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

The preceding information is intended for non-Medicare coverage determinations. Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determinations (NCDs) and/or Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. Local Coverage Articles (LCAs) may also exist for claims payment purposes or to clarify benefit eligibility under Part B for drugs which may be self-administered. The following link may be used to search for NCD, LCD, or LCA documents: https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search.aspx. Additional indications, including any preceding information, may be applied at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCD/LCA):

Medical Necessity Criteria

Prime

	Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes		
Jurisdiction	risdiction NCD/LCA/LCD Contractor		
Document (s)			
6, K	A52450	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)	

	Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions			
Jurisdictio	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor		
E (1)	CA, HI, NV, AS, GU, CNMI	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC		
F (2 & 3)	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC		
5	KS, NE, IA, MO	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)		
6	MN, WI, IL	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)		
H (4 & 7)	LA, AR, MS, TX, OK, CO, NM	Novitas Solutions, Inc.		
8	MI, IN	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)		
N (9)	FL, PR, VI	First Coast Service Options, Inc.		
J (10)	TN, GA, AL	Palmetto GBA		
M (11)	NC, SC, WV, VA (excluding below)	Palmetto GBA		
L (12)	DE, MD, PA, NJ, DC (includes Arlington & Fairfax counties and the city of Alexandria in VA)	Novitas Solutions, Inc.		
K (13 & 14)	NY, CT, MA, RI, VT, ME, NH	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)		
15	КҮ, ОН	CGS Administrators, LLC		

Medical Necessity Criteria

