

Aduhelm® (aducanumab-avwa) (Intravenous)

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I. Length of Authorization

- Coverage will be provided for 6 months and may be renewed.

II. Dosing Limits

A. Quantity Limit (max daily dose) [NDC Unit]:

- Aduhelm 170 mg/1.7 mL (100 mg/mL) solution in a single-dose vial: 1 vial every 28 days
- Aduhelm 300 mg/3 mL (100 mg/mL) solution in a single-dose vial: 4 vials every 28 days

B. Max Units (per dose and over time) [HCPCS Unit]:

- Infusions 1 & 2: 85 billable units every 28 days
- Infusions 3 & 4: 170 billable units every 28 days
- Infusions 5 & 6: 340 billable units every 28 days
- Infusion 7 and beyond: 600 billable units every 28 days

III. Initial Approval Criteria ^{1,5,6,9,10}

Coverage is provided in the following conditions:

- Patient is at least 18 years of age; **AND**
- Physician has assessed baseline disease severity utilizing an objective measure/tool (i.e., Mini-Mental Status Exam [MMSE], Alzheimer's Disease Assessment Scale-Cognitive Subscale [ADAS-Cog-13], Alzheimer's Disease Cooperative Study-Activities of Daily Living Inventory-Mild Cognitive Impairment version [ADCS-ADL-MCI], Clinical Dementia Rating-Sum of Boxes [CDR-SB], etc.); **AND**
- Patient does not have any of the following risk factors for intracerebral hemorrhage: findings suggestive of cerebral amyloid angiopathy (prior intracerebral hemorrhage > 1 cm in diameter, > 4 microhemorrhages, superficial siderosis, a history of diffuse white matter disease, or vasogenic edema) or other lesions (aneurysm, vascular malformation); **AND**
 - Patient has been tested prior to treatment to assess apolipoprotein E ε4 (ApoE ε4) status (e.g., homozygote, heterozygote, or noncarrier) and the prescriber has informed the patient that those who are homozygotes have a higher incidence of developing ARIA; **OR**
 - Genotype testing has not been performed and the prescriber has informed the patient that it cannot be determined if they are ApoE ε4 homozygotes and, therefore, if they are at higher risk for developing ARIA; **AND**

Universal Criteria ^{1,5,6,9,10}

- Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in neurology or gerontology; **AND**
- Patient has received a baseline brain magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) prior to initiating treatment (within one year prior – unless the patient has a more recent exacerbation, traumatic event [e.g., falls, etc.], or co-morbidity necessitating an evaluation within one month preceding initiation) and periodically throughout therapy (*see prescribing information for schedule of MRI scans*); **AND**
- Patient has not had a stroke or transient ischemic attack (TIA) or unexplained loss of consciousness in the past 12 months; **AND**
- Patient does not have any relevant brain hemorrhage, bleeding disorder, cerebrovascular abnormalities, or recent (within the prior year) cardiovascular condition (e.g., unstable angina, myocardial infarction, advanced CHF, or clinically significant conduction abnormalities); **AND**
- Patient does not have a clinically significant and unstable psychiatric illness in the past 6 months; **AND**
- Patient is not currently receiving anti-platelet agents (with the exception of prophylactic aspirin), anticoagulants (e.g., Factor Xa inhibitors), or anti-thrombins (e.g., heparin); **AND**
- Patient does not have a history of alcohol or substance abuse in the preceding year; **AND**

Alzheimer's Disease (AD) † ^{1,2,5,6}

- Patient has mild cognitive impairment (MCI) due to AD or has mild Alzheimer's dementia (there is insufficient evidence in moderate or severe AD) as evidenced by all of the following:
 - Clinical Dementia Rating (CDR)-Global Score of 0.5
 - Objective evidence of cognitive impairment at screening
 - MMSE score between 24 and 30 (inclusive)
 - Positron Emission Tomography (PET) scan is positive for amyloid beta plaque
- Other conditions mimicking, but of non-Alzheimer's Dementia etiology, have been ruled out (e.g., vascular dementia, dementia with Lewy bodies [DLB], frontotemporal dementia [FTD], normal pressure hydrocephalus, etc.)

† FDA Approved Indication(s); ‡ Compendia Recommended Indication(s); ◻ Orphan Drug

IV. Renewal Criteria ^{1,5,6,10}

Coverage may be renewed based upon the following criteria:

- Patient continues to meet the universal and other indication-specific relevant criteria identified in section III; **AND**
- Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug. Examples of unacceptable toxicity include: amyloid related imaging abnormalities-edema (ARIA-E) and -hemosiderin deposition (ARIA-H), intracerebral hemorrhage, severe hypersensitivity reactions, etc.; **AND**

- Patient has responded to therapy compared to pretreatment baseline as evidenced by improvement, stability, or slowing in cognitive and/or functional impairment in one or more of the following (not all-inclusive): ADAS-Cog 13; ADCS-ADL-MCI; MMSE; CDR-SB, etc.; **AND**
- Patient has not progressed to moderate or severe AD; **AND**
- Patient has received a pre- 5th, 7th, 9th, AND 12th infusion MRI for monitoring of Amyloid Related Imaging Abnormalities-edema (ARIA-E) and Amyloid Related Imaging Abnormalities-hemosiderin (ARIA-H) microhemorrhages; **AND**

ARIA-E §

- Patient is asymptomatic or mildly symptomatic* with mild radiographic severity** on MRI; **OR**
- Patient is asymptomatic or mildly symptomatic* with moderate to severe radiographic severity** on MRI AND administration will be suspended until MRI demonstrates radiographic resolution and symptoms, if present, resolve; **OR**
- Patient has moderate to severe symptoms* with mild to severe radiographic severity** on MRI AND administration will be suspended until MRI demonstrates radiographic resolution and symptoms, if present, resolve

ARIA-H §

- Patient is asymptomatic with mild radiographic severity** on MRI; **OR**
 - Patient is asymptomatic with moderate radiographic severity** on MRI AND administration will be suspended until MRI demonstrates radiographic stabilization and symptoms, if present, resolve; **OR**
 - Patient is symptomatic with mild to moderate radiographic severity** on MRI AND administration will be suspended until MRI demonstrates radiographic stabilization and symptoms, if present, resolve; **OR**
 - Patient has severe radiographic severity** on MRI AND administration will be suspended until MRI demonstrates radiographic stabilization and symptoms, if present, resolve
- Patient must continue maintenance therapy at the recommended dosage of 10 mg/kg every four weeks (*Note: clinical efficacy was demonstrated only at the highest dose, therefore doses below 10 mg/kg are not supported and will not be approved*)

§ Clinical judgment will be used in considering whether to continue treatment or permanently discontinue. In patients who develop intracerebral hemorrhage greater than 1 cm in diameter during treatment with Aduhelm, suspend dosing until MRI demonstrates radiographic stabilization and symptoms, if present, resolve. Consider a follow-up MRI to assess for resolution 2 to 4 months after initial identification.

| Clinical Symptom Severity * | | |
|-----------------------------|----------|--------|
| Mild | Moderate | Severe |

| | | |
|--|---|--|
| Discomfort noticed, but no disruption of normal daily activity | Discomfort sufficient to reduce or affect normal daily activity | Incapacitating, with inability to work or to perform normal daily activity |
|--|---|--|

| ARIA Type ¹ | Radiographic Severity ^{**} | | |
|------------------------------|---|---|--|
| | Mild | Moderate | Severe |
| ARIA-E | FLAIR hyperintensity confined to sulcus and/or cortex/subcortical white matter in one location < 5 cm | FLAIR hyperintensity 5 to 10 cm, or more than 1 site of involvement, each measuring < 10 cm | FLAIR hyperintensity measuring > 10 cm, often with significant subcortical white matter and/or sulcal involvement. One or more separate sites of involvement may be noted. |
| ARIA-H microhemorrhage | ≤ 4 new incident microhemorrhages | 5 to 9 new incident microhemorrhages | 10 or more new incident microhemorrhages |
| ARIA-H superficial siderosis | 1 focal area of superficial siderosis | 2 focal areas of superficial siderosis | > 2 focal areas of superficial siderosis |

V. Dosage/Administration ¹

| Indication | Dose | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|---------|---------------------|----------|
| Alzheimer's Disease (AD) | – After an initial titration (see dosing schedule below), the recommended dosage of Aduhelm is 10 mg/kg and administered as an intravenous (IV) infusion over approximately one hour every four weeks and at least 21 days apart. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>IV Infusion (every 4 weeks)</th> <th>Aduhelm Dosage</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Infusions 1 & 2</td> <td>1 mg/kg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Infusions 3 & 4</td> <td>3 mg/kg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Infusions 5 & 6</td> <td>6 mg/kg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Infusion 7 & beyond</td> <td>10 mg/kg</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | IV Infusion (every 4 weeks) | Aduhelm Dosage | Infusions 1 & 2 | 1 mg/kg | Infusions 3 & 4 | 3 mg/kg | Infusions 5 & 6 | 6 mg/kg | Infusion 7 & beyond | 10 mg/kg |
| | IV Infusion (every 4 weeks) | Aduhelm Dosage | | | | | | | | | |
| | Infusions 1 & 2 | 1 mg/kg | | | | | | | | | |
| | Infusions 3 & 4 | 3 mg/kg | | | | | | | | | |
| Infusions 5 & 6 | 6 mg/kg | | | | | | | | | | |
| Infusion 7 & beyond | 10 mg/kg | | | | | | | | | | |
| – Obtain recent (within one year) brain magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) prior to initiating treatment. Obtain MRIs prior to the 5 th infusion (first dose of 6 mg/kg), 7 th infusion (first dose of 10 mg/kg), 9 th infusion (third dose of 10 mg/kg), and 12 th infusion (sixth dose of 10 mg/kg). | | | | | | | | | | | |
| – If an infusion is missed, resume administration at the same dose as soon as possible, infusions are to be administered every 4 weeks and at least 21 days apart. | | | | | | | | | | | |

VI. Billing Code/Availability Information

HCPCS Code:

- J0172 – Injection, aducanumab-avwa, 2 mg; 1 billable unit = 2 mg

NDC:

- Aduhelm 170 mg/1.7 mL (100 mg/mL) solution in a single-dose vial: 64406-0101-xx
- Aduhelm 300 mg/3 mL (100 mg/mL) solution in a single-dose vial: 64406-0102-xx

VII. References

1. Aduhelm [package insert]. Cambridge, MA; Biogen, Inc; August 2023. Accessed October 2024.
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11. Lin GA, Whittington MD, Wright A, et al. Beta-Amyloid Antibodies for Early Alzheimer's Disease: Effectiveness and Value; Draft Evidence Report. Institute for Clinical and Economic Review, December 22, 2022. <https://icer.org/assessment/alzheimers-disease-2022/#timeline>.

Appendix 1 – Covered Diagnosis Codes

| ICD-10 | ICD-10 Description |
|--------|--------------------------------------|
| G30.0 | Alzheimer's disease with early onset |
| G30.1 | Alzheimer's disease with late onset |
| G30.9 | Alzheimer's disease, unspecified |
| G31.84 | Mild cognitive impairment, so stated |

Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

The preceding information is intended for non-Medicare coverage determinations. Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determinations (NCDs) and/or Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. Local Coverage Articles (LCAs) may also exist for claims payment purposes or to clarify benefit eligibility under Part B for drugs which may be self-administered. The following link may be used to search for NCD, LCD, or LCA documents: <https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search.aspx>. Additional indications, including any preceding information, may be applied at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCA/LCD): N/A

| Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions | | |
|---|---|---|
| Jurisdiction | Applicable State/US Territory | Contractor |
| E (1) | CA, HI, NV, AS, GU, CNMI | Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC |
| F (2 & 3) | AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ | Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC |
| 5 | KS, NE, IA, MO | Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS) |
| 6 | MN, WI, IL | National Government Services, Inc. (NGS) |
| H (4 & 7) | LA, AR, MS, TX, OK, CO, NM | Novitas Solutions, Inc. |
| 8 | MI, IN | Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS) |
| N (9) | FL, PR, VI | First Coast Service Options, Inc. |
| J (10) | TN, GA, AL | Palmetto GBA |
| M (11) | NC, SC, WV, VA (excluding below) | Palmetto GBA |
| L (12) | DE, MD, PA, NJ, DC (includes Arlington & Fairfax counties and the city of Alexandria in VA) | Novitas Solutions, Inc. |
| K (13 & 14) | NY, CT, MA, RI, VT, ME, NH | National Government Services, Inc. (NGS) |
| 15 | KY, OH | CGS Administrators, LLC |